Town of East Lyme

Received

MAR 0.8 2024

Town of East Lyme Land Use

Application Form Municipal Coastal Site Plan Review

For Projects Located Fully or Partially Within the Coastal Boundary

Please complete this form in accordance with the attached instructions (CSPR-INST-11/99) and submit it with the appropriate plans to the appropriate Town of East Lyme agency. Three (3) complete sets of full size plans are required, and one (1) 11" x 17" set of plans.

Section I: Application Identification 2-19-2024 Heather Gardner Applicant: 860-910-8955 4 North Drive (OGBA) Niantic, CT 06357 Phone: Address: 7 North Drive (OGBA) Project Address or Location: □ easement option Lessee other (specify) Buyer List primary contact for correspondence if other than applicant: James Bernardo, LS Name: 102A Spithead Rd Address: 06385 Waterford Zip Code: City/Town: 860-447-0236 Business Phone: Jim@jbsurvey.com e-mail:

Section II: Project Site Plans

Please provide project site plans that clearly and accurately depict the following information, and check
The appropriate boxes to indicate that the plans are included in this application:

- ☑ Project location
- Existing and proposed conditions, including buildings and grading
- Coastal resources on and contiguous to the site
- ☐ High tide line [as defined in CGS Section 22a-359(c)] and mean high water mark elevation contours (for parcels abutting coastal waters and/or tidal wetlands only)
- Storm water treatment practices
- M Ownership and type of use on adjacent properties
- 🖾 Reference datum (i.e. National Geodetic Vertical Datum, Mean Sea Level, etc.)

Section III: Written Project Information

Please check the appropriate box to identify the plan or application that has resulted in this Coastal Site
Plan Review:
凶 Site Plan for Zoning Compliance
☐ Subdivision or Resubdivision Application
☐ Special Permit or Special Exception
☐ Variance
☐ Municipal Project (CGS Section 8-24)

Part I: Site Information

1.		ess or Geographical Description: rive (OGBA)
	Town of Eas	st Lyme
2.	Is project or	activity proposed at a waterfront site? (includes tidal wetlands frontage) 🗵 YES 🗆 NO
3,		-site adjacent or downstream coastal, tidal or navigable waters, if applicable: y - Long Island Sound
4,	Identify an	nd describe the existing land use on and adjacent to the site. Include any existing
	structures, r	municipal zoning classification, significant features of the project site:
	Property is	currently a vacant residential property from a 1953 approved subdivision. It is located
	in the R-12	2. Properties on the southeast and northwest are residential properties. The yacht club
	gravel park	ring area is located to the northeast. There are small sheds on the property that will be
	removed.	
5.	Indicate the	area of the project site: acres of square feet (circle one)
		appropriate box below to indicate whether the project or activity will disturb 5 acres or
	more total	acres of land area (please also see Part II.B. regarding proposed stormwater best
	managemer	nt practices):
		Project or activity will disturb 5 or more total acres of land area on the site and may be
		eligible for registration for the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) General
		Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters Associated with
		Construction Activities
	×	Project or activity will not disturb 5 or more total acres of land area

Part II.A. Description of Proposed Project or Activity

grading, demolition, and other site preparations; percentage of increase or decrease in impervious cover
over existing conditions resulting from the project; phasing, timing and method of proposed construction;
and new uses and changes from existing uses (attach additional pages if necessary):
The property is a vacant residential building lot from a 1953 approved subdivision. The property is
located within the AE(el 12) SFHA. The building will be constructed in accordance with the current FEMA
requirements for Flood Compliant residences. The entire property will be cleared for the site
development. Erosion control (Sediment Fence) will be installed on the northerly portion of the property
of the property to minimize erosion into the adjacent tidal wetlands. Final site stabilization shall include
spreading of topsoil, seed and mulch of all disturbed areas.
- K
Part II.B.: Description of Proposed Stormwater Best Management Practices
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site.
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary):
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed
Describe the stormwater best management practices that will be utilized to ensure that the volume of runoff generated by the first inch of rainfall is retained on-site, especially if the site or stormwater discharge is adjacent to tidal wetlands. If runoff cannot be retained on site, describe the site limitations that prevent such retention and identify how stormwater will be treated before it is discharged from the site. Also demonstrate that the loading of total suspended solids from the site will be reduced by 80 percent on an average annual basis, and that post-development stormwater runoff rates and volumes will not exceed pre-development runoff rates and volumes (attach additional pages if necessary): The first inch of run-off from the roof is calculated on the Coastal Site Plan and is captured in Cultec underground storage units to be retained on-site. The proposed driveways will be crushed

Describe the proposed project or activity including its purpose and related activities such as site clearing,

Part III: Identification of Applicable Coastal Resources and Coastal Resource Policies

Identify the coastal resources and associated policies that apply to the project by placing a check mark in the appropriate box(es) in the following table.

Coastal resources	On-site	Adjacent	Off-site but within the influence of project	Not Applicable
General coastal resources* - Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7); Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(a)(2)	х	х		
Beaches & Dunes Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(C); Policy; CGS Sections 22a-92(b)(2)(C) and 22a-92(c)(1)(K)				х
Bluffs & Escarpments – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(A); Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(b)(2)(A)				х
Coastal Hazard Area - Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(H): Policy: CGS Sections 22a-92(a)(2), 22a-92(a)(5), 22a-92(b)(2)(F), 22a-92(b)(2)(J), and 22a-92(c)(2)(B)	х	х		
Coastal Waters, Estuarine Embayments, Nearshore Waters, Offshore Waters – Definition: CGS Sections 22a-93(5), 22a-93(7)(G), and 22a-93(7)(K), and 22a-93(7)(L) respectively; Policies: CGS Sections 22a-92(a)(2) and 22a-92(c)(2)(A)				Х
Developed Shorefront – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(I); Policy: 22a-92(b)(2)(G)				х
Freshwater Wetlands and Watercourses – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(F); Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(a)(2)				х
Intertidal Flats – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(D); Policies: 22a-92(b)(2)(D) and 22a-92(c)(1)(K)				х
Islands – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(J); Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(b)(2)(H)				х
Rocky Shorefront – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(B); Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(b)(2)(B)				х
Shellfish Concentration Areas – Definition: Section 22a-93(7)(N): Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(c)(1)(I)				Х
Shorelands – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(M): Policy: CGS Section 22a-92(b)(2)(I)				х
Tidal Wetlands – Definition: CGS Section 22a-93(7)(E): Policies: CGD Sections 22a-92(a)(2), 22a-92(b)(2)(E), and 22a-92(c)(1)(B)			х	

^{*} General Coastal Resource policy is applicable to all proposed activities

Part IV: Consistency with Applicable Coastal Resource Policies and Standards

Describe the location and condition of the coastal resources identified in Part III above and explain how			
the proposed project or activity is consistent with all of the applicable coastal resource policies and			
standards; also see adverse impacts assessment in Part VII.A below (attach additional pages if necessary):			
See the attached report from Joseph Theroux, Soil Scientist. The proposal is for the construction			
of a new single-family home. Coastal resource policies encourage water Dependant uses.			
However, the property is located in a Residential Zone with limited water-dependant uses allowed.			
Building construction will be in accordance with FEMA requirements for residential buildings on			
flood prone areas.			
No adverse impacts to the coastal Resources are anticiapated,			

Part V: Identification of Applicable Coastal Use and Activity Policies and Standards

Ide	Identify all coastal policies and standards in or referenced by CGS Section 22a-92 applicable to the		
proposed project or activity:			
凤	General Development* - CGS Sections 22a-92(a)(1), 22a-92(a)(2), and 22a-92(a)(9)		
	Water-Dependent Uses** - CGS Sections 22a-92(a)(3) and 22a-92(b)(1)(A);		
	Definition CGS Section 22a-93(16)		
	Ports and Harbors – CGS Section 22a-92(b)(1)(C)		
	Coastal Structures and Filling – CGS Section 22a-92(b)(1)(D)		
	Dredging and Navigation – CGS Sections 22a-92(c)(1)(C) and 22a-92(c)(1)(D)		
	Boating – CGS Section 22a-92(b)(1)(G)		
	Fisheries – CGS Section 22a-92(c)(1)(I)		
	Coastal Recreation and Access - CGS Sections 22a-92(a)(6), 22a-92(c)(1)(J) and 22a-92(c)(1)(K)		
	Sewer and Water Lines – CGS Section 22a-92(b)(1)(B)		
	Fuel, Chemicals and Hazardous Materials – CGS Sections 22a-92(b)(1)(C), 22a-(b)(1)(E), and		
	22a-92(c)(1)(A)		
	Transportation – CGS Sections22a-92(b)(1)(F), 22a-92(c)(1)(F), 22a-92(c)(1)(G), and		
	22a-92(c)(1)(H)		
	Solid Waste – CGS Section 22a-92(a)(2)		
	Dams, Dikes and reservoirs – CGS Section 22a-92(a)(2)		
	Cultural Resources – CGS Section 22a-92(b)(1)(J)		
	Open Space and Agricultural Lands – CGS Section 22a-92(a)(2)		

^{*} General Development policies are applicable to all proposed activities
** Water-Dependent Use policies are applicable to all activities proposed at waterfront sites, including those with tidal wetlands frontage.

Part VI: Consistency with Applicable Coastal Use Policies and Standards

Explain how the proposed activity or use is consistent with all of the applicable coastal use and activity
policies and standards identified in Part V. For projects proposed at waterfront sites (including
those with tidal wetlands frontage), particular emphasis should be placed on the evaluation of the
project's consistency with the water-dependent use policies and standards contained in CGS Sections
22a-92(a)(3) and 22a-92(b)(1)(A) - also see adverse impacts assessment in Part VII.B below (attach
additional pages if necessary):
The proposal is for the construction of a new single-family home. Coastal resource policies
encourage water Dependant uses. However, the property is located in a Residential Zone with
limited water-dependant uses allowed in the Zoning regulations. The property contains no direct
W. 12. V.

Part VII.A,: Identification of Potential Adverse Impacts on Coastal Resources

Please complete this section for all projects. Identify the adverse impact categories below that apply to the proposed project or activity. The "applicable" column must be checked if the proposed activity has the potential to generate any adverse impacts as defined in CGS Section 22a-93(15). If an adverse impact may result from the proposed project or activity, please use Part VIII to describe what project design features may be used to eliminate, minimize, or mitigate the potential for adverse impacts.

Potential Adverse Impacts on Coastal Resources	Applicable	Not Applicable
Degrading tidal wetlands, beaches and dunes, rocky shorefronts, and bluffs and escarpments through significant alteration of their natural characteristics or functions — CGS Section 22a-93(15)(H)		X
Increasing the hazard of coastal flooding through significant alteration of shoreline configurations or bathymetry, particularly within high velocity flood zones — CGS Section 22a-93(15)(E)		х
Degrading existing circulation patterns of coastal water through the significant alteration of patterns of tidal exchange or flushing rates, freshwater input, or existing basin characteristics and channel contours – CGS Section 22a-93(15)(B)		х
Degrading natural or existing drainage patterns through the significant alteration of groundwater flow and recharge and volume of runoff — CGS Section 22a-93(15)(D)		Х
Degrading natural erosion patterns through the significant alteration of littoral transport of sediments in terms of deposition or source reduction — CGS Section 22a-93(15)(C)		х
Degrading visual quality through significant alteration of the natural features of vistas and view points — CGS Section 22a-93(15)(F)		×
Degrading water quality through the significant introduction into either coastal waters or groundwater supplies of suspended solids, nutrients, toxics, heavy metals or pathogens, or through the significant alteration of temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen or salinity — CGD Section 22a-93(15)(A)		X
Degrading or destroying essential wildlife, finfish, or shellfish habitat through significant alteration of the composition, migration patterns, distribution, breeding or other population characteristics of the natural species or significant alterations of the natural components of the habitat – CGS Section 22a-93(15)(G)		х

Part VII.B.: Identification of Potential Adverse Impacts on Water-dependent Uses

Please complete the following two sections only if the project or activity is proposed at a waterfront site:

1. Identify the adverse impact categories below that apply to the proposed project or activity. The applicable column must be checked if the proposed activity has the potential to generate any adverse impacts as defined in CGS Section 22a-93(17). If an adverse impact may result from the proposed project or activity, use Part VIII to describe what project design features may be used to eliminate, minimize, or mitigate the potential for adverse impacts.

Potential Adverse Impacts on Future Water-dependent Development Opportunities and Activities	Applicable	Not Applicable
Locating a non-water-dependent use at a site physically suited for or planned for location of a water-dependent use - CGS Section 22a-93(17)		
Replacing an existing water-dependent use with a non-water-dependent use – CGS Section 22a-93(17)		
Siting a non-water-dependent use which would substantially reduce or inhibit existing public access to marine or tidal waters — CGS Section 22a-93(17)		

2. Identification of existing and/or proposed Water-dependent Uses

Describe the features or characteristics of the proposed activity or project that qualify as water-
dependent uses as defined in CGS Section 22a-93(16). If general public access to coastal waters is
provided, please identify the legal mechanisms used to ensure public access in perpetuity, and
describe any provisions for parking or other access to the site and proposed amenities associated
with the access (e.g., boardwalk, benches, trash receptacles, interpretative signage, etc.)*:

^{*} If there are no water-dependent use components, describe how the project site is not appropriate for the development of a water-dependent use.

Part VIII: Mitigation of Potential Impacts

Explain how all potential adverse impacts on coastal resources and/or future water-dependent
development opportunities and activities identified in Part VII have been avoided, eliminated, or
minimized (attach additional pages if necessary)
There is no activity proposed within the Tidal Wetlands. All construction will conform to FEMA
flood standards. Their are no water-dependent uses on or adjacent to the property.

Part IX: Remaining Adverse Impacts
Explain why any remaining impacts resulting from the proposed activity or use have not been
mitigated and why the project as proposed is consistent with the Connecticut Coastal Management
Act (attach additional pages if necessary):
No remaining impacts are anticiapted.
·
The undersigned hereby applies for approval of the foregoing Permit and declares that the statements
contained in this application and in all documents and/or drawings submitted as part of same are to the best of his/her knowledge and belief, true and accurate as presented.
to the best of his/her knowledge and benef, true and accurate as presented.
Further, as owner, the undersigned covenants and grants hereby permission to the East Lyme Zoning
Commission and its authorized representatives to enter upon the property for purposes of inspection and
enforcement of the Zoning Regulations of the Town of East Lyme and of the provisions of this permit price to, during, and after completion of the operation applied for and/or approved. This agreement shall be
binding on the heirs executors, administrators, assigns, and successors of the undersigned.
Heather Gardner 02/22/24
Applicant: Date:
Preparer: James Berinardo Date: 3/7/2024
Preparer: Date: Da
Owner: Date:
Signature Print Name

